

The condition of this part of
the country one hundred
years ago,

One hundred years ago, the United
States Government owned all the
lands along the Wabash River.
The lands were laid off in
sections, half sections and
quarter sections prior to one
hundred years ago.

When the survey was made, which
was after the Treaty of 1818, there
were many Indians in this
part of the country. The principal
tribes, were the Miami and
Pottawatomie. Under the terms
of the treaties, they were permitted
to remain several years. They
agreed in the treaties, to give
complete possession of their
lands to the government, and the
government agreed to furnish them
land west of the Mississippi River.

The Indian tribes occupying the lands west to the lakes, were the first to emigrate to their western homes. The Miami Nation was the largest tribe. They owned more territory than any other tribe who lived in Indian territory. Their principal abode was in the eastern part of this State and western part of Ohio. The principal wars between the Government and these tribes, were in the eastern part of the Indiana territory and in Ohio. There were later, some engagements near Logansport - and still later, the Battle of Tippecanoe which occurred Nov. 7, 1811. The next year there were fighting on the Wild Cat Creek. In the year, 1813, the largest battle fought, was at the Thames, where the Indian Confederacy, against the Lake had joined the British, Oct. 5, 1813. The British were under the Command of Gen. Proctor. There were 2000 Indians led by Tecumseh in that battle. The Americans were